# Bulletin

## IUPsyS' Global Footprint

The International Journal of Psychology: Celebrating half a century of disseminating leading-edge psychological science

Call for IUPsyS 2016 Awards Nominations

International Congress of Psychology 2016

## News from National Members and Affiliates

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All National Members, Affiliates and Liaisons of IUPsyS are encouraged to circulate this and future monthly Bulletins to relevant groups, such as members of committees or their national membership.

If you have comments about the Bulletin or suggestions for items to include in future editions, or if you wish to add names to the IUPsyS email list for the Bulletin and Newsletter, please contact the IUPsyS Secretariat: secretariat@iupsys.org

The IUPsyS Monthly Bulletin is for IUPsyS National Members, Affiliates, and related organizations, and their members. It provides brief updates on the work of the Union and related regional and international matters.

This Bulletin and previous issues are available at: [http://www.iupsys.net/publications/bulletin/index.html](http://www.iupsys.net/publications/bulletin/index.html)
A CENTURY OF DISSEMINATING LEADING-EDGE PSYCHOLOGICAL SCIENCE

Philosophische Studien, the periodical birthed by Wilhelm Wundt to disseminate the foundational psychological findings arising out of his laboratory work in Leipzig in 1881 signaled the beginning of the imperative to convey breakthroughs in the ‘science of the mind’ beyond the study site (Dallenbach, 1937). The world is now a fundamentally different place but the dissemination imperative has remained steadfast. In fact, the master journal list managed by Thomson Reuters Web of Science (http://ip-science.thomsonreuters.com/cgi-bin/jnlst/jloptions.cgi?PC=master) now lists over 200 journals containing the search terms ‘psychology’ or ‘psychological’ in their titles. Of course, this is just the tip of the iceberg because the scope of the discipline has grown exponentially and psychological enquiry is embedded in almost all scholarly preoccupations with human life.

Perhaps one of the defining features of the world since Wundt first founded his periodical some 134 years ago is the increasing interconnectedness of people, scholars and information through a rapidly globalizing world. Of course, such contractions connected the ideas of scholars of psychology throughout the world in unprecedented ways and the need for a truly international dissemination vehicle for psychological science became increasingly obvious. In 1966, the Executive Committee of the then differently abbreviated International Union of Psychological Science (IUPS) committed funding for the development of what its first editor Paul Fraisse pledged would be “…an actual means of communication between psychologists of the world” (Fraisse, 1966). The International Journal of Psychology (IJP) was thus born with this express purpose in mind. The journal’s mission has remained unchanged and its proud history of publishing articles that cross countries, sub-disciplinary boundaries and topics represents a genuine attempt to give voice to psychological science across the globe and all of its complexities.

In 2015 the journal celebrates its 50th year of publishing leading-edge research and scientific commentary from and to scholars around the world. This cross-national flow of ideas is amply evident in Silbereisen’s (2015) analysis of the IJP’s publication trends and bibliometric footprint. Over half of the first authors of articles in the journal in 2013 listed affiliations to countries from outside Europe and North America. The topics of the most highly cited papers in the journal across time also attest to its broad appeal. Berry’s (1969) article on cross-cultural comparability has attracted the most citations in the journal to date. In the 1960s papers by Berry (1966) and Dawson (1967) on cultural influences on psychological processes were salient. The most cited papers in the 1970s by Davidson, Jaccard, Triandis, Morales, and Diaz-guerrero (1976) and Brinley (1976) were focused on methodology in cross-cultural research. Papers by Lezak (1982) and Heneman and Schwab (1985) on psychological processes led the citations counts in the 1980s. During the 1990s, a cultural emphasis on models and assessment in papers by Bourhis, Moise, Perreault, and Senecal (1997) and Vallieres and Vallierand (1990) headed up the citation lists. Most recently, articles by Tyler (2000) on social justice and Luszczynska, Gutiérrez-Dona, and Schwarzer (2005) who advance a comparative stance on self-efficacy feature as the two most frequently cited papers in the 2000s.

Clearly, the journal has stayed true to its guiding mandates within a rapidly proliferating psychological literature. This is indeed cause to acknowledge the vitally important role that this publication has played in the psychological sciences and cognate fields of the knowledge economy. IUPsyS is therefore commemorating this significant milestone with the publication of a virtual issue containing the ten most highly cited articles in the IJP’s impressive publication history. The virtual issue is available at http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/10.1002%28ISSN%29219464-068X/homepage/VirtualIssuesPage.html As another means to commemorate the journal’s golden jubilee, the first issue of 2015 features a special section titled Social change, cultural evolution, and human development. The section is edited by Patricia Greenfield who (together with Jerome Bruner) co-authored Culture and cognitive growth, the opening article of the second issue of the journal in 1966 (Greenfield & Bruner, 1966).

Further information concerning the IJP is available online:

http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/10.1002%28ISSN%29219464-068X

A video from Editor-in-Chief, Prof. Rainer K. Silbereisen, can also be viewed at:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KRftzNC3-9M

References
CALL FOR IUPsyS 2016 AWARDS NOMINATIONS
The deadline for nominations for the IUPsyS 2016 Awards is 31 March 2015.
Further information can be accessed at:

http://www.iupsys.net/about/awards/index.html

INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF PSYCHOLOGY 2016

ICP 2016 will be held in Yokohama, Japan from 24-29 July 2016 and is organised around the following theme:
Diversity in Harmony: Insights from Psychology.

For more information, click the link below.

http://www.icp2016.jp/

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In November 1962, a small group of Filipino psychologists gathered in what would be one of the most defining moments in Philippine psychology. Coming from different institutions, they were united by a common purpose. This meeting resulted in the birth of the Psychological Association of the Philippines (PAP). The PAP ushered in 1963 by electing its first set of officers. The group held monthly meetings and picnics, during which scientific research studies were presented. The highlight of the first PAP national convention in 1964 was a Symposium on the Filipino Personality.

To date, the PAP continues to advance the professional development of psychologists, uphold the quality of standards of the practice of psychology, promote public awareness of psychology as a scientific discipline, and shape public policy by providing psychological perspective. It has provided assistance to the Philippine Regulatory Commission on the licensure of Psychologists and Psychometricians, and facilitates in their oath-taking.

In January 2014, the Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, and Transgender (LGBT) Psychology Special Interest Group became an officially recognized part of PAP and is the first and only collective of psychologists, counselors, and other mental health professionals working for LGBT rights and well-being in Southeast Asia. Earlier in 2011, the PAP had crafted a policy resolution against gender-based violence and violence against women. This nondiscrimination policy was cited in the passage of the landmark comprehensive anti-discrimination ordinance of the Quezon City government and was also cited in the development of the 2014 Sexual and Gender Diversity Statement of the Psychological Society of South Africa. As a helping organization, the PAP, together with Save the Children International, developed psychosocial support modules for parents and caregivers of child survivors of Typhoon Yolanda. The theme of the 51st PAP annual convention in August 2014 was “Philippine Psychology in the Midst of Change”. Plenary speakers talked about relevant concerns: How to rise above disaster; Philippine Psychology and International Issues in Licensing of Psychologists; the Psychology Curriculum; and Mindfulness and the practice of Psychotherapy. Change is indeed ineluctable, yet half a century later, the PAP has remained steadfast in its unity of purpose.

For more information, see: www.pap.org.ph
The Argentina Association of Behavioral Science (Asociación Argentina de Ciencias del Comportamiento) is a federal organization, created in 1987, with the general aim of promoting the scientific research, teaching, diffusion and communication of psychology and the behavioral sciences within an interdisciplinary framework. Since 1994 the AACC has been a National Member of IUPsyS. The Argentina Association of Behavioral Science has ten research teams/delegations in the following cities: Buenos Aires, Bahía Blanca, Córdoba, Libertador San Martín (Entre Ríos), Mar del Plata, Mendoza, Posadas, Rosario, San Luis and Tucumán. These research teams are engaging in studies into the following areas of human and animal behavior:

1. Political and Economic Psychology (Factors influencing people’s compliance to norms; Experimental methods to study corruption);
2. Social Psychology (Social networks and health; Social studies of science and technology);
3. Alcohol, learning and ontogeny (Effects of early alcohol exposure on later abuse and dependence of alcohol);
4. Frustration: effects and mechanisms; evidence-based treatments.
5. Memory and learning; Comparative psychology of learning;
6. Cognitive and social skills (Problem solving in children; Cognitive processes in children and adolescents within the context of poverty; Personality in adolescents in rural contexts; Emotional and prosocial behavior: influence of empathy, cognitive-emotional and social related processes on prosocial and aggressive behaviors; Emergence of communicative skills in children: their relationship with basic needs);
7. Educational Psychology (Academic achievement and personality variables associated with academic success; Incidence of periodicals in the training of psychologists);
8. Developmental Psychology (Perinatal intervention devices: risk estimation score perinatal; Conceptual development and vocabulary learning in small children from different social groups; Values and moral development in children and adolescents);
9. Human Health: psychobiological approaches; Sexual health and behavior; Medical education and clinical skills (Different cultures and the doctor-patient relationship);
10. Psycholinguistics (Different Spanish semantic feature productions norms);
11. Animal Behavior (Animal cognition; Spatial learning in animals; Animal communication and social behavior: Communication between dogs and humans; Sexual selection in animals);

The AACC scientific meetings take place every two years and they are privileged spaces of exchange and discussion of results and advances in the behavioral sciences. In 2015 the XV Reunion Nacional IV Encuentro Internacional will take place in the city of San Miguel de Tucumán (Tucuman Province; Argentina) from August 26 to 29. Together with this meeting the AACC presents the Congreso Argentino de Biología del Comportamiento (COMPORTA 2015).

For more information, see: http://www.aacconline.org.ar/
The Swiss Psychological Society (SPS) was founded in 1943 by Jean Piaget and currently has approximately 400 members. The main aim of the Society is to promote psychological science in education, research, and practice in Switzerland. The SPS is collaborating closely with the Departments of Psychology in Swiss universities and its Board comprises representatives from each of these institutions. More specifically:

- Sabine Sczesny, President, University of Bern
- Roberto Caldara, Vice-President, University of Fribourg
- Joëlle Darwiche, Treasurer, University of Lausanne
- Jens Gaab, University of Basel
- Martin Grosse Holtforth, University of Bern
- Daniel Hausmann, University of Zurich
- Matthias Kliegel, University of Geneva
- Ulrich Orth, University of Bern
- Heidi Ruprecht, Secretary

The SPS edits a Newsletter four times a year, and publishes the Swiss Journal of Psychology. This scientific journal also appears four times a year with contributions from all areas of psychology, including basic research, as well as practical applications of psychology and book reviews.

The Society membership fee includes the journal subscription: http://www.verlag-hanshuber.com/index.php/swiss-journal-of-psychology.html

Every two years, the SPS organizes an international scientific conference. The conference offers psychologists, and younger researchers in particular, an excellent opportunity to exchange ideas and to engage in discussions with professional colleagues. The next 14th Biannual Congress will be held in Geneva on 8 and 9 September. "The future of psychology" was chosen as the theme of the conference and it will prioritize scientific discussions about new theoretical directions in psychology, as well as the presentation of work from young researchers who are the future.

For more information: http://www.ssp-sgp2015.ch/cms/home

Many forward-looking professional associations establish guidelines for the academic and professional preparation of its members. A few take the next step to accredit training programs that embody these guidelines. The International School Psychology Association (ISPA) established training guidelines some years ago and implemented an accreditation program in 2011. The goals of ISPA's accreditation program are to:

- promote consistency in the quality and excellence in training,
- enhance the status of institutions and higher education programs,
- foster international perspective through collaborative teaching and research activities,
- encourage self-study that leads to program improvements,
- assist in acquiring additional program resources,
- unite programs in a common mission,
- increase programs attractiveness to potential students and faculty, and
- facilitate student and faculty exchanges between countries.

Persons interested in learning more about ISPA's accreditation program are encouraged to contact Peter Farrell (peter.farrell@manchester.ac.uk), Accreditation Committee Chair, and view accreditation materials at www.ispaweb.org/accreditation

The Society has recently developed a new online interactive and self-managing platform, known as PSYweb.ch with the aim of grouping information about all the SPS members and their research on one website. The up-to-date PSYweb comprises three main functions. Firstly, all internet users can freely search and find people in an easy or advanced way: SPS-members in locations, specific research fields, or with specific research interests and currently there are 250 SPS-members registered from 10 different locations (mainly Swiss universities). Secondly, a SPS-member can independently post his or her latest job offerings. Everyone can freely search for those job offerings by viewing the entire list, or alternatively searching by entering free text or choosing a location. Thirdly, SPS-members have the opportunity to post further demands and supplies, like searching for specific advice, methods, student apprentices, and more. All internet users are able to get relevant and up-to-date basic information about a SPS-member, usually with a direct link to his or her official website and working background. PSYweb is thus a fast and frugal way to find interesting people working and/or doing research in a specific field of psychology within Switzerland. Furthermore, the management of a personal profile for a registered SPS-member is minimal, because the profile contains mainly links to existing webpages, and not additional or duplicated content. Posted job offers will automatically disappear from the list after a self-appointed date of expiration. Plans are to develop PSYweb further by for instance implementing a mailing function from member to member, or a self-managing post and search rubric for announcing guest visits and their presentations within Switzerland. For more information: www.psyweb.ch
News from International Bodies

WHO: GLOBAL CLINICAL PRACTICE NETWORK

The Global Clinical Practice Network (GCPN) is an international set-up of mental health and primary care professionals established as a core apparatus for the development of the classification of mental and behavioural disorders in ICD-11.

To provide feedback and to participate in internet-based field studies.

For further information, see: http://www.globalclinicalpractice.net/

INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL FOR SCIENCE

The International Council for Science (ICSU), on behalf of the Science & Technology Alliance for Global Sustainability, has announced the appointment of Paul Shrivastava as Executive Director of Future Earth. Currently he is the David O’Brien Distinguished Professor of Sustainable Enterprise, and the Director of the David O’Brien Centre for Sustainable Enterprise, at the John Molson School of Business, Concordia University in Montreal, Canada.


ICSU, in partnership with the International Social Science Council, released a new report on 12 February 2015, which provides an independent review of the 169 targets under the proposed Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), which are set to be approved at the General Assembly of the UN in September.

For more information, see: http://www.icsu.org/news-centre/news/top-news/review-of-targets-for-sustainable-development-goals-science-perspective

KAVLI SCIENTIST-WRITER WORKSHOPS AT NYU: ENROLLMENT NOW OPEN

The Kavli Foundation has announced the second annual Kavli Scientist-Writer Workshops: 5-day writer’s workshops for professional scientists and engineers, sponsored by The Kavli Foundation, with additional support from New York University. For more information and to apply, please visit http://www.nyu.edu/as/ksw/workshops.html.

www.iupsys.net